

DRIVEWAY PERMIT APPLICATION

Permit #	
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TOWN OF MONROE

152 WOODSVILLE RD PO BOX 63 MONROE, NH 03771 603-638-2644

Property Owner			
Address			Phone #
			Email
Location of Driveway	/		Map/Lot
Lot Size	(sq feet)	Road Frontage	
In Current Use	yes	no	
Purpose of Driveway:	New Construction	Market Charles State Charles and Charles In	Logging Road
	Lot Access		Altering Current Driveway
Please provide a gene Show drainage impac	eral plot plan showing tl ct to abutting landowne	ne location of the rs	e property and location of the driveway to the Town Road.
The undersigned here contained herein. I u	eby requests a driveway Inderstand the permit w	permit for the al	above noted parcel of land, on the basis of the representations he event of misrepresentation.
Date		Property Owner	er(s)
		Town II	Use only
Wetland Permit Need		No	ose only
Inspection and Recon	nmendation of Road Age	ent	Date of Inspection
Culvert needed	Yes	No	Size
Approved	Denied	Refe	erred to Board of Adjustment
Reason for Denial or I	Referral to Board of Adju	ustment	
Date		Road Agent	
Approved by Selectmo	en		
Date			

GENERAL PLOT PLAN

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DRIVEWAY STATUTE

§ 236:13 Driveways and Other Accesses to the Public Way.

It shall be unlawful to construct, or alter in any way that substantially affects the size or grade of, any driveway, entrance, exit, or approach within the limits of the right-of-way of any class I or class III highway or the state-maintained portion of a class II highway that does not conform to the terms and specifications of a written permit issued by the Commissioner of transportation.

Pursuant to this section, a written construction permit application must be obtained from and filed with the department of transportation by any abutter affected by the provisions of paragraph I. Before any construction or alteration work is commenced, said permit application shall have been reviewed, and a construction permit issued by said department. Said permit shall:

- Describe the location of the driveway, entrance, exit, or approach. The location shall be selected to most adequately protect the safety of the traveling
- Describe any drainage structures, traffic control devices, and channelization islands to be installed by the abutter. h.
- Establish grades that adequately protect and promote highway drainage and permit a safe and controlled approach to the highway in all seasons of
- Include any other terms and specifications necessary for the safety of the traveling public.
- III. For access to a proposed commercial or industrial enterprise, or to a subdivision, all of which for the purposes of this section shall be considered a single parcel of land, even though acquired by more than one conveyance or held nominally by more than one owner:
- Said permit application shall be accompanied by engineering drawings showing information as set forth in paragraph II.
- Unless all season safe sight distance of 400 feet in both directions along the highway can be obtained, the commissioner shall not permit more than one access to a single parcel of land, and this access shall be at that location which the commissioner determines to be safest. The commissioner shall not give final approval for use of any additional access until it has been proven to him that the 400-foot all season safe sight distance has been
- For the purposes of this section, all season safe sight distance is defined as a line which encounters no visual obstruction between 2 points, each at a height of 3 feet 9 inches above the pavement, and so located as to represent the critical line of sight between the operator of a vehicle using the access and the operator of a vehicle approaching from either direction.

No construction permit shall allow:

- A driveway, entrance, exit, or approach to be constructed more than 50 feet in width, except that a driveway, entrance, exit, or approach may be flared beyond a width of 50 feet at its junction with the highway to accommodate the turning radius of vehicles expected to use the particular driveway,
- More than 2 driveways, entrances, exits or approaches from any one highway to any one parcel of land unless the frontage along that highway

The same powers concerning highways under their jurisdiction as are conferred upon the commissioner of transportation by paragraphs I, II, III and IV shall be conferred upon the planning board in cities and towns in which the planning board has been granted the power to regulate the subdivision of land as provided in RSA 674:35, and they shall adopt such regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Such regulations may delegate administrative duties, including actual issuance of permits, to a highway agent, board of selectmen, or other qualified official or body. Such regulations, or any permit issued under them, may contain provisions governing the breach, removal, and reconstruction of stone walls or fences within, or at the boundary of, the public right of way, and any landowner or landowner's agent altering a boundary in accordance with such provisions shall be deemed to be acting under a mutual agreement with the city or town pursuant to RSA 472:6, II (a).

VI. The commissioner of transportation or planning board shall retain continuing jurisdiction over the adequacy and safety of every existing driveway, entrance, exit, and approach to a highway, whether or not such access was constructed or installed pursuant to a permit under this section, and, unless the access is a public highway, the owners of property to which the access is appurtenant shall have continuing responsibility for the adequacy of the access and any grades, culverts, or other structures pertaining to such access, whether or not located within the public right of way. If any such access is or becomes a potential threat to the integrity of the highway or its surface, ditches, embankments, bridges, or other structures, or a hazard to the safety of the traveling public, by reason of siltation, flooding, erosion, frost action, vegetative growth, improper grade, or the failure of any culvert, traffic control device, drainage structure, or any other feature, the commissioner of transportation or planning board or their designee may issue an order to the landowner or other party responsible for such access to repair or remove such hazardous condition and to obtain any and all permits required therefor. The order shall describe the hazard, prescribe what corrective action or alteration in the location or configuration of such access shall be required, and set a reasonable time within which the action shall be completed. Such an order shall be sent by certified mail, and shall be enforceable to the same extent as a permit issued under this section. If the order is not complied with within the time prescribed, the commissioner or planning board or their designee may cause to be taken whatever action is necessary to protect the highway and the traveling public, and the owner or other responsible party shall be civilly liable to the state or municipality for its costs in taking such action.

§ 236:14 Penalty. – Any person who violates any provision of this subdivision or the rules and regulations made under authority thereof shall be guilty of a violation if a natural person, or guilty of a misdemeanor if any other person; and, in addition, shall be liable for the cost of restoration of the highway to a condition satisfactory to the person empowered to give such written permission.